

# Clinical Trial Protocol

## Iranian Registry of Clinical Trials

10 Jun 2026

### **Efficacy and Safety of Prophylactic Use of Tranexamic Acid for Decreasing the Blood Loss in Elective Cesarean Section: A Placebo-Controlled Randomized Clinical Trial**

#### **Protocol summary**

##### **Study aim**

Evaluation of the efficacy and safety of tranexamic acid in decreasing the bleeding in elective cesarean section

##### **Design**

A double-blind placebo-controlled randomized clinical trial

##### **Settings and conduct**

This study was conducted in a tertiary level teaching hospital. Included women were randomly allocated to 2 groups. In first group patients received 1 gram tranexamic acid intravenously just before skin incision. In control group patients received same volume of 5% dextrose as placebo. The volume of blood loss during and 6 hours after surgery were measured by weighting the drapes and sponges before and after use and adding the volume of blood in suction bottle. Volume of bleeding were compared.

##### **Participants/Inclusion and exclusion criteria**

Inclusion criteria: singleton pregnancies aged between 37 and 42 weeks of gestation Exclusion criteria: patients with Known allergy to TXA, history of thromboembolic or coagulative disorders, history of renal, cardiac or hepatic impairment, gestational or chronic hypertension/pre-eclampsia, placental disorders, polyhydramnios; patients who had received aspirin 1 week before surgery.

##### **Intervention groups**

Receiving 1 gram tranexamic acid as bolus just before skin incision

##### **Main outcome variables**

Primary outcome was decreased intra-operative and post-operative blood loss in elective CS. Secondary outcome was occurrence of minor or major adverse reactions of TXA (headaches, fatigue, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, seizures, anaphylaxis, visual disturbances, pulmonary embolism, deep vein thrombosis, myocardial infarction, cerebrovascular accidents. adverse neonatal outcome and labor

complications like increased uterine contractions and placental separation were also considered as secondary outcomes.

#### **General information**

##### **Reason for update**

##### **Acronym**

##### **IRCT registration information**

IRCT registration number: **IRCT20180819040830N2**

Registration date: **2020-04-29, 1399/02/10**

Registration timing: **retrospective**

Last update: **2020-04-29, 1399/02/10**

Update count: **0**

##### **Registration date**

2020-04-29, 1399/02/10

##### **Registrant information**

##### **Name**

Zahra Naeiji

##### **Name of organization / entity**

##### **Country**

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

##### **Phone**

+98 21 5506 2628

##### **Email address**

z.naeigi@sbmu.ac.ir

##### **Recruitment status**

**Recruitment complete**

##### **Funding source**

##### **Expected recruitment start date**

2020-02-29, 1398/12/10

##### **Expected recruitment end date**

2020-03-29, 1399/01/10

##### **Actual recruitment start date**

empty

**Actual recruitment end date**

empty

**Trial completion date**

empty

**Scientific title**

Efficacy and Safety of Prophylactic Use of Tranexamic Acid for Decreasing the Blood Loss in Elective Cesarean Section: A Placebo-Controlled Randomized Clinical Trial

**Public title**

Tranexamic Acid for Decreasing the Blood Loss

**Purpose**

Treatment

**Inclusion/Exclusion criteria****Inclusion criteria:**

singleton pregnant women elective cesarean section  
gestational age between 37 and 42 weeks

**Exclusion criteria:**

patients with Known allergy to TXA history of thromboembolic or coagulation disorders known history of renal, cardiac or hepatic impairment gestational or chronic hypertension/pre-eclampsia placental disorders polyhydramnios patients who had received aspirin 1 week before surgery

**Age**

From **18 years** old

**Gender**

Female

**Phase**

3

**Groups that have been masked**

- Participant
- Care provider
- Investigator
- Outcome assessor

**Sample size**

Target sample size: **200**

**Randomization (investigator's opinion)**

Randomized

**Randomization description**

computer-generated blocks of 4, block randomization

**Blinding (investigator's opinion)**

Double blinded

**Blinding description**

Patient and gynecologist who performed the cesarean section and research assistant who measured the bleeding volume were blinded to the intervention. research assistant who prepared the drug and placebo for administration were open to the intervention.

**Placebo**

Used

**Assignment**

Parallel

**Other design features**

--

**Secondary Ids**

empty

**Ethics committees****1****Ethics committee****Name of ethics committee**

Ethics committee of Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

**Street address**

Arabi Ave, Daneshjoo Blvd, Velenjak,

**City**

Tehran

**Province**

Tehran

**Postal code**

19839-63113

**Approval date**

2018-11-03, 1397/08/12

**Ethics committee reference number**

IR.SBMU.RETECH.REC.1397.662

**Health conditions studied****1****Description of health condition studied**

peri-operative hemorrhage

**ICD-10 code**

O72.1

**ICD-10 code description**

Other immediate postpartum hemorrhage

**Primary outcomes****1****Description**

Intra-operative and post-operative blood loss in elective cesarean section

**Timepoint**

From skin incision to hours after surgery

**Method of measurement**

Intra-operative blood loss (from skin incision to skin closure) was measured by gravimetric method. Soaked drapes, mops, sponges, pads, and operation table perineal sheet were weighed with an electronic weighing scale before and after the surgery. The difference between their wet and dry weights was considered as the collected blood. Each mg of measured weight was considered as equivalent to 1 ml of blood. The total amount of blood loss (ml) was determined as the sum of blood absorbed by soaked mops, sponges, pads, drapes and perineal sheet plus blood collected in suction bottle after placental delivery (to exclude the measurement of amniotic fluid). Post-operative blood loss (first 6 hours after skin closure) was measured by weighing and numbering the vaginal pads used by the patient.

**Secondary outcomes**

## 1

### Description

Occurrence of minor or major adverse reactions of tranexamic acid (headaches, fatigue, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, seizures, anaphylaxis, visual disturbances, pulmonary embolism, deep vein thrombosis, myocardial infarction, cerebrovascular accidents). adverse neonatal outcome and labor complications like increased uterine contractions and placental separation were also considered as secondary outcomes.

### Timepoint

From drug administration to 6 hours after surgery

### Method of measurement

History taking, physical exam, para-clinical assessments as indicated

## Intervention groups

### 1

#### Description

"Intervention group": received a bolus of 1gm TXA (Tranexip®, Tranexamic acid, 500mg/5ml, for slow IV injection, Caspian Tamin Pharmaceutical Co, Tehran, Iran) if their body weight was <90 kg and 1.5 gram if their body weight was >90 kg diluted in 15 ml of 5% dextrose intravenously.

#### Category

Treatment - Drugs

### 2

#### Description

Control group: Receiving routine and 15 ml Dextrose water 5% IV injection as placebo

#### Category

Treatment - Drugs

## Recruitment centers

### 1

#### Recruitment center

##### Name of recruitment center

Mahdiye hospital

##### Full name of responsible person

Zahra Naeiji

##### Street address

Shishegar Khane St., Fadayian Eslam Blv. Shoosh Sq.

##### City

Tehran

##### Province

Tehran

##### Postal code

1445763693

##### Phone

+98 21 5506 2628

##### Email

zahranaeiji98@yahoo.com

## Sponsors / Funding sources

### 1

#### Sponsor

##### Name of organization / entity

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

##### Full name of responsible person

Afshin Zarghi

##### Street address

Arabi Ave, Daneshjoo Blvd, Velenjak,

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##### Province

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##### Phone

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info@sbmu.ac.ir

#### Grant name

#### Grant code / Reference number

#### Is the source of funding the same sponsor organization/entity?

No

#### Title of funding source

Preventative Gynecology Research Center

#### Proportion provided by this source

30

#### Public or private sector

Public

#### Domestic or foreign origin

Domestic

#### Category of foreign source of funding

empty

#### Country of origin

#### Type of organization providing the funding

Academic

## Person responsible for general inquiries

#### Contact

##### Name of organization / entity

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

##### Full name of responsible person

Zahra Naeiji

##### Position

Assistant professor

##### Latest degree

Specialist

##### Other areas of specialty/work

Gynecology and Obstetrics

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## Person responsible for scientific inquiries

**Contact**

**Name of organization / entity**

Shahid Beheshti University of Medical Sciences

**Full name of responsible person**

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Assistant professor

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## Sharing plan

**Deidentified Individual Participant Data Set (IPD)**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Justification/reason for indecision/not sharing IPD**

"There is no further information"

**Study Protocol**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Statistical Analysis Plan**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Informed Consent Form**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Clinical Study Report**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Analytic Code**

No - There is not a plan to make this available

**Data Dictionary**

No - There is not a plan to make this available